



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF THE CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY

Product Name:	Kenso Agcare Pollux Fungicide
Product Type:	Group 3 Fungicide
Company Name:	Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn Bhd
Address:	Level 1, 98 Commercial Road, Teneriffe QLD 4005
Telephone Number:	(07) 3216 1188
Emergency Telephone Number:	000 (Police or Fire Brigade) 13 11 26 (Poisons Information Centre)
Use:	For the control of certain fungal diseases on wheat, barley and canola when mixed with fertilizer or applied as a foliar spray as specified in the Directions for Use table.

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification:	Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia. Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the ADG code
	 
GHS Signal Word:	WARNING
Hazard statement:	H302: Harmful if swallowed. H332: Harmful if inhaled. H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Prevention:	P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray P264: Wash hands, arms and face thoroughly after handling. P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273: Avoid release to the environment.
Response:	P301 + P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P330: Rinse mouth. P391: Collect spillage.
Disposal:	P501: Dispose of contents/container as specified on the registered label.
SUSMP Classification:	S6
ADG Classification:	Not a dangerous good.
UN Number:	None allocated.

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & colour: Viscous yellow liquid.

Odour: Mild odour.

Major Health Hazards: harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, and if swallowed, eye irritant.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS number	Proportion
Flutriafol	76674-21-0	25%
Inert ingredients	secret	to 100%

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air until recovered. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema can be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure.
Skin contact:	Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 10-20 minutes or until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and decontaminate them before reuse or discard.
Eye contact:	Flush eyes immediately with plenty of fresh water for at least 20 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelids open. However, if irritation persists, see a doctor. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lens.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting, seek medical advice immediately. Wash mouth thoroughly with water and contact a Poisons Information.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Dangerous Decomposition or Combustion Products

Thermal Decomposition

There is no risk of an explosion from this product under normal circumstances if it is involved in a fire. This product is likely to decompose only after heating to dryness, followed by further strong heating.

Fire decomposition products from this product are likely to be toxic and corrosive if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

Extinguishing Media

Not Combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning materials.

Fire Fighting

If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. As a minimum, wear overalls, goggles and gloves. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective glasses and, preferably, goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this MSDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

When handling this product, do not eat, drink or smoke.

When mixing this product always wear a PVC or rubber apron, elbow length PVC gloves, face shield or goggles and overalls buttoned at the wrist and neck.

When spraying this product, wear a face shield or goggles

After each days use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and overalls.

If product gets on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water.

Storage

Store in the closed, original container in a well-ventilated area as cool as possible out of direct sunlight. Keep from contact with fertilisers and seeds.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits TWA (mg/m³) STEL (mg/m³)

Exposure limits have not been established by NOHSC for any of the significant ingredients in this product.

The ADI for Flutriafol is set at 0.01mg/kg/day. The corresponding NOAEL is set at 1mg/kg/day.

*ADI= *Acceptable Daily Intake*; NOAEL: *No Observable Adverse Effect Level*. Data adopted from *Australia ADI List, March 2021*.

Ventilation

No special ventilation requirements are normally necessary for this product. However, make sure that the work environment remains clean and that vapours and mists are minimised.

Eye Protection

Eye protection such as protective glasses or goggles is recommended when this product is being used.

Skin Protection

The information at hand indicates that this product is not harmful and that normally no special skin protection is necessary. However, we suggest that you routinely avoid contact with all chemical products and that you wear suitable gloves (preferably elbow-length) when handling this product.

Protective Material Types

We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, PVC.

Respirator

Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form:	liquid
Colour:	thick white liquid
Odour:	Mild odour
Boiling point (°C):	~100 °C at 100 kPa
Freezing/Melting Point:	N/A
Volatiles:	Water component
Volatility:	N/A
Specific Gravity:	1.09
Vapour Pressure:	2.37 kPa at 20 °C (water vapour pressure)
Vapour Density:	N/A
Solubility	Dispersible

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid

None known.

Incompatibilities

No particular incompatibilities.

Fire Decomposition

This product is likely to decompose only after heating to dryness, followed by further strong heating. Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas. Hydrogen fluoride gas and other compounds of fluorine. Water. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death. Hydrogen cyanide poisoning signs and symptoms are weakness, dizziness, headache, nausea, vomiting, coma, convulsions, and death. Death results from respiratory arrest. Hydrogen cyanide gas acts very rapidly; symptoms and death can both occur quickly.

Polymerisation

This product is unlikely to undergo polymerisation processes.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity data (On Flutriafol technical)

Acute Toxicity – Oral

LD₅₀ (rat): 1140-1480mg/kg

Acute Toxicity – Dermal

LD₅₀ (mouse) = >1000mg/kg

LD₅₀ (rabbit) >2000mg/kg

Acute Toxicity – Inhalation

LC₅₀ (rat) = 1.65mg/L/4hr

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Short term exposure: Significant inhalation exposure is considered to be unlikely. Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. In addition product is unlikely to cause any discomfort or irritation.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

Skin Contact:

Short term exposure: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. It should present no hazards in normal use. However product may be mildly irritating, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild discomfort which should disappear once contact ceases.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

Eye Contact:

Short term exposure: Exposure via eyes is considered to be unlikely. This product may be irritating to eyes, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

Ingestion:

Short term exposure: Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. Available data shows that this product is harmful, but symptoms are not available. This product is unlikely to cause any irritation problems in the short or long term.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

Carcinogen Status:

NOHSC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.

NTP: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects to the aquatic environment. This product is biodegradable. It will not accumulate in the soil or water or cause long term problems.

Flutriafol:

Birds: LD₅₀ female mallard: >5000mg/kg

Fish: LC₅₀ rainbow trout: 61mg/L

LC₅₀ mirror carp: 77mg/L

Bees: LD₅₀ >5µg/bee

Daphnia: EC₅₀ 78mg/L

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal: Instructions concerning the disposal of this product and its containers are given on the product label. These should be carefully followed.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Storage and Transport	Not a dangerous good.
UN Number (Sea Transport):	None allocated.
IMO Class/Packing Group:	None allocated.
IMO Marine Pollutant:	None allocated.
IMO Proper Shipping Name:	None allocated.
Hazchem code:	None allocated.
ADG Class:	Not a dangerous good.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

SUSMP Classification	S6
Packaging & Labelling	POISON KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:

ADG Code Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

CAS number Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Hazchem Number Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons
UN Number United Nations Number
GHS Globally Harmonised System

CONTACT POINT:

Police and Fire Brigade:

Dial 000

National Poisons Information Centre:

Dial 13 11 26 (from anywhere in Australia)

For 24 hour emergency response:

Dial 0439 933 556

Ask for Murray Goodlich