POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

KENSO AGCARE

DICAMBA 500

SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L DICAMBA present as DIMETHYLAMINE SALT

GROUP 4 HERBICIDE

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in winter cereals, pastures, conservation tillage, sugar cane, turf, rice and non-crop areas as specified in the Directions for Use Table.

Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn Bhd
Level 1, 98 Commercial Road,
Teneriffe QLD 4005
Phone (07) 3216 1188
www.kenso.com.au

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

CONTENTS: 20 Litres APVMA Approval No.: 61369/ 20L/ 0507

KENSO AGCARE DICAMBA 500 SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening container and preparing spray wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a Doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from www.kenso.com.au.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. will not accept any responsibility whatsoever and howsoever arising and whether for consequential loss or otherwise in connection with the supply of these goods other than responsibility for the merchantable quality of the goods and such responsibilities mandatorily imposed by Statutes applicable to the sale or supply of these goods. To the extent allowed by such Statutes the liability of Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. is limited to the replacement of the goods or (at the option of Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd.) the refund of the price paid and where possible sufficient part of the goods to enable proper examination being returned to Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. within thirty days of delivery.

In a Transport Emergency
Dial **000** Police or Fire Brigade

drumMUSTER eligible container

KENSO agcare

Additional statements required by Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia: **CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.** *Precautionary:* Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection/ face protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Batch No.:
Date of Manufacture:

POISON

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DICAMBA 500

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READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USE

APVMA Approval No.: 61369/0507

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Level 1, 98 Commercial Road,
Teneriffe QLD 4005
Phone (07) 3216 1188

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK, WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEAN AND ENVIRONMENT
DO NOT use container for any other purpose. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.
Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.
If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

110L Mini Bulk Returnable Container (110L only):
Store the original sealed drum in a cool well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the non-return valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the drum with water or any foreign matter.

After each use of the product, please ensure that the non-return valve, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the drum have been used, please return the empty drum to the point of purchase.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS
May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing spray wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

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In a Transport Emergency
Dial **000**
Police of Fire Brigade

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* Not a trademark of Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn Bhd

APVMA Approval No.: 61369/0507

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
RESTRAINTS:
DO NOT spray when rain seems likely to occur within 4 hours.
DO NOT spray when weeds are wet with dew or rain or under stress from drought, low soil fertility, extreme cold or water logging.
DO NOT spray outside recommended crop growth as crop damage may result.
DO NOT apply to crops or pastures with clover, lucerne or medics.

Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rates/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From 5 leaf to early tillering (Zadoks 15-22)	Doubleggee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex) Wireweed (Hogweed), Seedling Docks, Tares, Hexham Scent (Melilotus) Wild Turnip (*Brassica tournefortii*), Soldier Thistle, Mustards, Wild Radish, Capeweed, Common Ice-Plant, Charlock, Ward's Weed, Vetch, Turnip Weed (*Rapistrum rugosum*)	All states	160mL plus 700mL of MCPA 500	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are in the 2 to 4 leaf stage. In some instances suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed) and Capeweed will occur.
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From 5 leaf early tillering stage until the fully tillered stage and before joiting occurs (Zadoks 15, 21-30)	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed, Vetch, Variegated Thistle, Tares, Sunflower, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks	SA only	280mL	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage. When weeds do not form a rosette, spray when they have not more than 8 true leaves. In some instances suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed) and Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed) will occur.
	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Clover, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks	WA only		
	New Zealand Spinach, Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks, Clover, Fat-Hen, Variegated Thistle, Scotch (Cotton or Wooly) Thistle, Sunflowers, Vetch, Tree Hogeweed	Qld, NSW, Vic only		
	Wild Turnip (*Brassica tournefortii*), Radish, Mustards, Tares, Charlock, Capeweed, Sorrel, Saffron Thistle, Chickweed, Clover, Common Ice-Plant, Hoary Cress, Ward's Weed, Turnip Weed (*Rapistrum rugosum*)	SA only	280mL plus 1L of MCPA 500 or 560mL of Ken-Amine 625	Do not use Dicamba 500 plus Ken-Amine 625 in Oats in SA. If any of these weeds are found in these cereal crops as well as the above weeds, the addition of MCPA 500 or Ken-Amine 625 is essential. Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage. In some instances, suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed), Capeweed and Hoary Cress will occur. A mixture with Ken-Amine 625 must not be used in Tasmania.
	Common Ice-Plant	WA only	320mL plus 640mL of Ken-Amine 625	
	Chickweed, Sorrel, Wireweed	WA only	400mL or 280mL plus 640mL of Ken-Amine 625 or 280mL plus 1.2L of MCPA 500	
	Mintweed	NSW, Qld only	280mL plus 1.2L of MCPA 500 or 280mL plus 560mL of Ken-Amine 625	
	Wild Turnip (*Brassica tournefortii*), Radish, Mustards, Tares, Charlock, Capeweed, Sorrel, Saffron Thistle, Chickweed, Turnip Weed (*Rapistrum rugosum*)	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas only		
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From early tillering (4 to 5 fully emerged main stem leaves, plus one more tillers) until fully tillered and before the start of jointing (Zadoks 21-30)	Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Deadnettle, Turnip Weed (*Rapistrum rugosum*), Wireweed, Wild Turnip (*Brassica tournefortii*)	NSW, Qld only	200-280mL plus 5-7g Ken-Met 600	Spray when weeds have no more than 8 true leaves. Use higher rate on larger weeds. Tank mixes of Dicamba 500 and Ken-Met 600 may result in reduced control of Wireweed in some situations.
Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye From 5 leaf until fully tillered and before jointing occurs (Zadoks 21-30)	Volunteer Peas	SA only	60mL plus 1L Kamba* M	Apply when most Peas are 5-7cm high.
Wheat, Oats From 5 leaf until fully tillered and before jointing occurs (Zadoks 15-30)	Volunteer Peas	SA only	120mL plus 1L Kamba* M	Apply when most Peas are 5-7cm high.
Rice Pre-Sowing Post-Sowing either before permanent water or until rice is at the mid-tillering stage	Docks	NSW, NT only	400mL (seedling docks) 560mL (mature docks)	**Pre-Sowing:** Apply before the end of August and do not cultivate or graze for 14 days after spraying. **Post-Sowing:** Preferably apply before the application of permanent water. If permanent water has been applied Dicamba 500 can be applied up to the mild-tillering stage, provided the docks are exposed. Use 100L/ha for boom application.
Pinus Radiata Plantations At least 10 months prior to planting pines	Sorrel (in pastures to be planted to pines)	All states	1.1L or 560mL plus 1L Ken-Amine 625	Apply in September/October period before the sorrel flowers. Add non-ionic surfactant or non-ionic wetting agent to the mixture.
	Naturally regenerated pines	SA, Vic, NSW only	2-8L	Use the high rate where total control is essential. Apply in Spring.

Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rates/ha	Critical Comments
Sugarcane Post-emergence	Bathrust Burr, Belivine, Blackberry Nightshade, Calopo, Caltrop, Cleome, Cobbler's Pegs, Common Sow Thistle, Convolvulus, Fat-Hen, Green Amaranth, Khaki Weed, Noogoora Burr, Parthenium Weed, Perennial Gooseberry, Pigweed, Pink Burr, Redroot Amaranth, Sensitive Plant, Sida-retusa, Tar Vine, Thickhead, Thornapple	NSW, Qld, WA, NT only	560mL	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are in the young rosette stage or when they have not more than 8 true leaves. **Method of Application:** By boom spray as an overall directed spray, applying 100 to 250 litres of water per hectare or by aircraft applying 45 litres per hectare.
	Amaranthus, Black (Giant) Pigweed, Caltrop, Mintweed, Noogoora Burr, Pigweed, Thornapple (Datura)	NSW, Qld, NT only	280mL plus 1.8L Atrazine 500 or 320mL plus 1.5L Atrazine 500	Apply when weeds have 3 to 5 true leaves. Do not apply in hot dry conditions. Apply by boom spray as an overall spray applying a50 to 250 litres of water per hectare. Use the higher rate Dicamba 500 where Caltrop is present.
Potatoes	Clover, Docks, Wireweed (Hogweed), Thistles, Chickweed, Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Black Nightshade, Fat-Hen	Tas only	500mL-1.2L	Apply after haulm senescence in sufficient water to give even coverage. May be mixed with Amitrole* T or Ken-Amine 625 to improve spectrum of weeds controlled. Refer to respective labels of these herbicides for application rates. Add suitable surfactant for improved coverage. Note: Do not apply when potato haulms are still green.

Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate			Critical Comments
			Per ha	High Vol per 100L	Per 15L K'Sack	
Grass Pastures and Perennial Grass Seed Crops	Cotton (Woolly or True Scotch) Thistle, Variegated Thistle, Star Thistle, Black or Spear Thistle, Illyrian Thistle, Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Parthenium Weed, Smart-Weed (Water Pepper), Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Stemless Thistle, Caltrop (Yellow Vine), Horehound and Rumex spp, including Curled and Broadleaf Docks	All states	280-560mL for seedlings	40mL of seedlings	10mL for seedlings	When applying by boom spray use 110 to 280 litres of mixture per hectare. Add non-ionic surfactant to spray mix.
			560mL-1.1L for young mature plants	76mL for young mature plants	18mL for young mature plants	
	Common Ice-Plant, Hoary Cress, Sorrel and Saffron Thistle	All states	280mL plus 640mL of Ken-Amine 625	20mL plus 50mL of Ken-Amine 625	6mL plus 12mL of Ken-Amine 625	
Non-Crop Situation	Annual Ragweed, Blue heliotrope, Burr Ragweed, Galvanised Burr, Ground Cherry, Ox-Eye Daisy, Perennial Ragweed, Russian Knapweed, Skeleton Weed, Wild (Field or Crow) Garlic	All states	8.8L	600mL	130mL	Use a minimum of 1500 L/ha water carried. Add non-ionic surfactant. Spray Russian Knapweed at flowering. Spray Angled Onion Weed, Bladder Campion, Ox-Eye Daisy and Paterson's Curse before flowering. Spray Wild Garlic during Spring before bulbs start to form and re-spray later if dormant bulbs shoot. Spray prior to flowering.
	California (Perennial or Canada) Thistle, Field Bindweed, Paterson's Curse, Prairie Ground Cherry, Ragwort, Stinking Mayweed (Foetid Chamomile)		4L	280mL	60mL	
	Afghan Thistle, Arthichoke Thistle, Star Thistle		1.6L	100mL	24mL	
	Horehound, Angled Onion Weed (Threecornered Garlic), Bladder Campion, Cotton (Woolly or True Scotch) Thistle, Docks, Sorrel, Stemless Thistle, Variegated (or spotted Thistle)		1.2L	80mL	18mL	
	Illyrian Thistle, Parthenium Weed, Smart-Weed		600mL	40mL	10mL	
	Poverty Weed	SA only		2L	440mL	Blackberry Nightshade at seedling stage. For Creeping Knotweed apply in early summer to actively growing plants. For Slender Ice-Plant and Khaki Weed spray when actively growing at young rosette stage. For Rubber Vine apply in Autumn during active growth.
	Mist Flower	Qld, NT only	12L	800mL	180mL	
	Blackberry Nightshade	WA only	320-560mL		5-9mL	
	Creeping Knotweed	WA only	1.2-2.4L		18-36mL	
	Slender Ice-Plant	WA only	320mL + 640mL Ken-Amine 625		6mL	
	Khaki Weed	WA only	600mL		9mL	
	Rubber Vine	WA only	1.4L		22mL	
Grass Pastures and Non-Crop	Rubber Vine	Qld, NT only	2-4L plus 2.5L of Ken-Ester 800	140-280mL plus 175mL of Ken-Ester 800	20-40mL plus 25mL of Ken-Ester 800	Apply during April or May. For application by misting machines, add 600mL Dicamba 500 to 10L of water.

Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate			Critical Comments
			Per ha	High Vol per 100L	Per 15L K'Sack	
Turf	Catsear, Dudweeds, Pennyworth, Lamb's Tongue, Fleabanes, Fumitory, Wireweed, Chickweed, Cotula, Sorrel, Dock, Clovers, Capeweed, Toad Rush, Peppercress, Dandelion, Medics, Scarlet Pimpernel, Creeping Oxalis, Pearlwort, Trefoil, Yarow, Bindy-Eye, Jo-Jo (Onehunga)	All states	1.2L plus 3.2L of Ken-Amine 625	80mL plus 200mL of Ken-Amine 625	18mL plus 50mL of Ken-Amine 625	Use a minimum of 1000L/ha water carrier. Do not spray on Buffalo Grass, Bent Grass, Lippia or Strawberry Clover. Spray when weeds are young and actively growing.
	Fat-Hen, Red Flowered Mallow, Purple-Top, Stagger Weed, Swine Cress	NSW, NT, SA, Qld, WA, Tas only				
Woody Species	Moreton Bay Ash (Carbeen), Blue Gum, Bitter Bark, Brisbane Black Wattle	All states	By partial frill or tree injection technique mix 1 part Dicamba 500 with 12.5 parts of water and apply 2mL of the mixture to cuts in the softwood at not more than 6cm spacings around the circumference of each tree.			
	Mimosa (*Mimosa pigra*)	NT only	2-2.4L	400mL	60mL	Apply to actively growing plants. Preferably apply during wet season. Retreatment may be necessary to control seeding regrowth (for application see General Instructions).

ADDITIONAL RESTRAINTS FOR CONSERVATION TILLAGE

- When grass and broadleaf weeds are present, use a mixture of Dicamba 500 and Ken-Up 450 CT.
- DO NOT disturb treated weeds by cultivation, sowing or grazing for 1 day after treatment of annual weeds and 7 days for perennial weeds.
- DO NOT treat weeds heavily covered with dust or silt.
- DO NOT apply if rainfall is likely within 6 hours of application.
- Observe plant back periods listed under General Instructions.
- When applying to dry soil surfaces, at least 15mm rainfall is required before the plant back period begins.

Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rates/ha	Critical Comments
Seed Bed Salvage, Conservation tillage, Direct Drilling For weed control in fallow, stubble or pasture prior to sowing with a full disturbance implement	Amaranthus, (Red Shank), Native Amaranth, Sow Thistle, Volunteer Cereals, Turnip Weed, Wireweed (Hogweed), Medics, Variegated Thistle, Wild Oats, Wild Mustard, Docks, Paterson's Curse	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, WA, NT only	160-240mL plus Ken-Up 450 CT at 400-600mL or Ken-Up Aquatic 360 at 500-700mL	If excessively wet conditions occur shortly after application or sowing some retardation of crop establishment may occur in certain broadleaf crops. Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette or pre-tillering stage. Use the lower rate when weeds are prior to tillering or seedlings. Increase to the higher rate as weeds reach tillering or are 10-15cm diameter/high. In grazed situations if heavy grazing has occurred allow regrowth to 6-8cm high before spraying. Visible symptoms of weed control may not be apparent for 10-21 days.
	Barnyard Grass, Liverseed Grass	NSW only		
	Apple of Peru, Mintweed, Noogoora Burr, Yellow Vine (Caltrop), Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Barnyard Grass, Canary Grass (Annual Phalaris), Thornapple and Wild or Prickly Lettuce	Qld, NSW, NT only		
	Annual Ryegrass, Volunteer Field Peas, Tree Hogweed, Capeweed	NSW, Vic, SA, WA only		
	Barnyard Grass, Liverseed Grass	Qld, NT only	160-240mL plus Ken-Up 450 CT at 800mL-1.2L	
	Sorrel	WA, SA, Vic, NSW only	160-240mL plus 650-800mL Ken-Up 450 CT or 800mL-1L Ken-Up Aquatic 360	
Direct Drilling, conservation tillage, no-till fallow, minimum tillage, and all between cropping applications	Clover	All states	200mL	Add to Roundup/Glyphosate or Spray.Seed as required (mixtures of Spray.Seed plus Kenso Agcare Dicamba 500 must not be used in TAS). Follow label recommended rates.
	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed, Vetch, Docks, Tares, Sunflower, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Variegated Thistle	SA only	280mL	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage, when they have not more than 8 true leaves.
	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks	WA only		
	New Zealand Spinach	Qld, NSW, NT only		
	Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks, Fat-Hen, Variegated Thistle, Scotch (Cotton or Woolly) Thistle, Sunflowers, Vetch, Tree Hogweed	Qld, NSW, Tas, Vic, NT only		
	Chickweed, Sorrel, Wireweed	WA only	400mL	
	Common Ice-Plant, Hoary Cress, Sorrel, Saffron Thistle	All states	280mL plus 640mL Ken-Amine 625	
	Caltrop (Yellow Vine), Datura, Bathurst and Noogoora Burrs, Parthenium Weed, Amaranthus, Mintweed, Annual Gooseberry, Blackberry Nightshade, Fat-Hen, Sunflower, Seedling Perennial Gooseberry, Seedling Khaki Weed, Bellvine, Cobbler's Pegs, Star Thistle, Black or Spear Thistle, Illyrian Thistle, Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Smart-Weed (Water Pepper), Stemless Thistle, Horehound and Rumex spp including Curled and Broadleaf Docks	All states	320-560mL for seedlings	Apply when weeds have at least 3 to 5 true leaves and are actively growing. Do not treat weeds which are beyond the rosette stage. Use higher rate on large weeds.
	Convolvulus, Sida-retusa, Sensitive Plant, Pink Burr, Cleome, Centro, Thickhead, Tar-Vine	Qld, NSW, NT, Vic, Tas, WA only		

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD
DO NOT HARVEST, GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS
Spray when weeds are young and actively growing, and unless stated otherwise, before the 3-5 true leaf stage.

MIXING
Add the required amount of the product directly to the spray tank and mix well.

APPLICATION
For Boom Application: Apply by a properly calibrated boom spray using not less than 50L of water/ha unless indicated otherwise in Critical Comments column.
For Aerial Application: Apply at least 25L total spray volume/ha. The aircraft should fly as low as practical under the prevailing conditions to minimise drift.
For High Volume Application: Apply minimum 1500L/ha.
For Knapsack Application: apply 15L knapsack treats 150m^2.

MIMOSA CONTROL
Broadacre application – Apply 2-2.4L/ha in 60L water/ha. Helicopter application preferred.
High Volume application – Apply 400mL in 110L water using ground equipment. Thoroughly wet all leaves and stems of the plant.
Basal Bark application – Apply 60mL in 15L water to plants of less than 5cm basal diameter. Spray liberally all around the base and 25-40cm up the stem.
Cut Stump application – apply 60mL in 15L water on plants up to 10cm basal diameter. Cut trees as close to ground level as is possible and spray the freshly cut surface before the sap dries.
Note: A temporary wilting may be evident in crops after application. If seasonal conditions are late or dry seek further advice before spraying as damage may result from spraying crops under these conditions. Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties. Certain maize varieties may develop clubfoot of the prop roots.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING GROUP 4 HERBICIDE
Dicamba 500 Herbicide is a member of the Benzoic acid group of herbicides. Dicamba has the Disruptor of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Dicamba 500 is a Group 4 Herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Dicamba 500 and other Group 4 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly.
These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Dicamba 500 or other Group 4 Herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn Bhd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Dicamba 500 to control resistant weeds.

PLANT BACK PERIODS for Conservation Tillage
Wait for the following periods before planting the following crops into soils sprayed with the product. If applied to a dry soil, at least 15mm of rainfall is required before the Plant Back Period begins.
Note: If water-logging occurs shortly after sowing, the product may cause some reduction in crop vigour. Use as directed only in the States indicated.

NSW, VIC, SA, WA, TAS

Rate/ha	PLANT BACK PERIOD (DAYS)				
	Wheat	Barley	Oats	Triticale	Rye
200mL	1	1	1	1	1
280mL	7	7	7	7	7
560mL	14	14	14	14	14

NSW, VIC, SA, WA, TAS

Rate/ha	PLANT BACK PERIOD (DAYS)				
	Lupins	Clover/Medics	Mung Beans	Sunflower	Safflower
200mL	7	7	5	1	14
280mL	14	14	5	7	21
560mL	21	21	10	14	28

NSW, VIC, SA, WA, TAS

Rate/ha	PLANT BACK PERIOD (DAYS)			
	Pigeon Peas	Soybeans	Millet	Cotton
200mL	5	5	1	7
280mL	5	5	3	7
560mL	10	10	7	14

NSW, VIC, SA, WA, TAS

Rate/ha	PLANT BACK PERIOD (DAYS)				
	Sorghum	Maize	Rapeseed	Field Peas	Chick Peas
200mL	1	1	7	N.D.*	N.D.*
280mL	3	3	10	14	21
560mL	7	7	14	21	28

* Not determined

QLD, NT only

Rate/ha	CROP	PLANT BACK PERIOD
160-240mL	Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale, Commercial Rye, Sorghum, Maize, Millet, Sunflowers	1 day
	Soybeans, Mung Beans, Pigeon Peas	5 days
	Cotton, Rapeseed	7 days

Note: For Qld, NT only: For all crops and rates above 240 mL/ha – Plant Back Period 21 days.
Following Potato haulm destruction in Tas: For rates and crops not included above, a Plant Back Period of 6 weeks applies generally and 8 weeks for seed crops.

COMPATIBILITY
Dicamba 500 is compatible with Flowable Igran*, Roundup* Max, Ken-Up Herbicide, Ken-Up 450 CT, Weedmaster* Duo, Credit*/ Bonus*, Ken-Chlor 750, Ken-Met 600, Ken-Amine 625, Abroholos 600, Ken-Ester 800, Diuron (900DF and Flowable), Ordram* (Molinate), LVE MCPA, Ken-Up Gold. Also compatible with Atrazine (900DF and Flowable) and other Atrazines, but when used in combination with these products some temporary visible effects in the crop growth may be observed.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS
DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Spray equipment must be calibrated accurately prior to working on crops. Keep container sealed (airtight) when not in use. To prevent damage, DO NOT permit drift or vapour or spray mist to come into contact with fruit and ornamental trees, vines, vegetables, flowers, tobacco or any other field crop. Minimise spray drift by using low pressure and nozzles which DO NOT give a fine droplet size. DO NOT apply this product on or near desirable trees or plants or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. DO NOT use in high wind. All spray equipment must be thoroughly washed out after use and must not be used for spraying horticultural crops. DO NOT use at higher rate than recommended.