POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

KENSO AGCARE

KEN-AMINE 625

SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 625 g/L 2,4-D present as the DIMETHYLAMINE and DIETHANOLAMINE SALTS

GROUP 4. HERBICIDE

For the control of broadleafed weeds in fallow before direct drilling or sowing of cereals and pastures; and in cereal crops, pastures, sugar cane, peanuts and non-agricultural areas as per the Directions for Use.

THIS IS A PHENOXY HERBICIDE THAT CAN CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO NATIVE VEGETATION AND SUSCEPTIBLE CROPS SUCH AS COTTON, GRAPES, TOMATOES, OILSEED CROPS AND ORNAMENTALS.

Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn Bhd Level 1, 98 Commercial Road, Teneriffe QLD 4005 Phone (07) 3216 1188 www.kenso.com.au

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

CONTENTS: 20 Litres APVMA Approval No.: 56339/ 127635

KENSO AGCARE KEN-AMINE 625 SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

Mini Bulk Returnable Container: Store the original sealed drum in a cool well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the non-return valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the drum with water or any foreign matter.

After each use of the product, please ensure that the non-return valve, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the drum have been used, please return the empty drum to the point of purchase.

Refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Poisonous if absorbed by skin contact, inhaled or swallowed. Corrosive to the eyes and skin. Will irritate the nose and throat. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Do not inhale vapour or spray mist. When opening the container and preparing spray or using undiluted concentrate, wear chemical resistant waterproof clothing over a layer of normal clothing and a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves, impervious footwear and full facepiece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister. If applying by boomspray equipment with enclosed operator's cab and air filtration or aerial spraying equipment, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves.

If applying by boomspray equipment with open operator's cab or hand-held spray equipment wear chemical resistant waterproof clothing over a layer of normal clothing and a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and full facepiece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister. If clothing becomes contaminated with product remove clothing immediately. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, respirator and if rubber wash with detergent and warm water, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from www.kenso.com.au.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. will not accept any responsibility whatsoever and howsoever arising and whether for consequential loss or otherwise in connection with the supply of these goods other than responsibility for the merchantable quality of the goods and such responsibilities mandatorily imposed by Statutes applicable to the sale or supply of these goods. To the extent allowed by such Statutes the liability of Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. is limited to the replacement of the goods or (at the option of Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd.) the refund of the price paid and where possible sufficient part of the goods to enable proper examination being returned to Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. within thirty days of delivery.

In a Transport Emergency Dial 000 Police or Fire Brigade







Additional statements required by Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia: HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION. Precautionary: Avoid breathing dust/furme/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only in outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Specific treatment (see FIRST AID on this label). Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

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KEN-AMINE

Selective Herbicide

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APVMA Approval No.: 56339/127635



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Refillable containers

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

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If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water

If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water

After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, respirator and if rubber wash with

detergent and warm water, face shield or goggles and contaminated

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Table 2: Post sowing: pre-emergence and post-emergence uses (continued)

Broadleaf Weeds

Weeds

Dessicate

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In a Transport Emergency Dial **000** Police of Fire Brigade

* are not registered trademark of Kenso Corporation.



Critical Comments

Kenso Corporation (M) Sdn. Bhd. Level 1, 98 Commercial Road, Teneriffe QLD 4005 Phone (07) 3216 1188

Inject at the rate of 15mL per fully grown plant, 10mL per medium sized

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	Crop/Situation
	Harvest Aid or Salv
	Spray - Winter Cere
	Bananas
	Common Stylo fora
	seed crops
	Carribean Stylo for
	or seed crops
	Oil Tea Tree
9	

		suckers				plar	nt and 5mL for small suckers.		
				320mL/	100L water	Allo	w suckers from corms of treated plants to form broad adult leaves, then		
						spra	ay. Isolated spots may require a second spray.		
Common Style	forage or	Refer to Weeds		800mL/h	na	App	ply post-emergence when weeds are 3 weeks old and crop is at least 3		
seed crops		Table				wee	eks old.		
Carribean Styl	o forage			800mL-	1.6L/ha	App	ply post-emergence when crop is 3 weeks old.		
or seed crops									
Oil Tea Tree		Refer to Weeds	All States		m rate of 960		oly as a shielded spray.		
		Table		mL/ha		des	oid contact with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots, irable plants and trees as severe injury or destruction may result.		
							pply following harvest as a blanket spray only after:		
							All residual tea tree foliage has been removed by mechanical shaving, or by using a burner,		
							No swollen buds are present on stumps. NOTE that buds can burst 8 days after harvest in summer and		
						•	Surface of cut stumps are dry before spraying commences.		
		Purple Top		Apply at	960 mL/ha plus	App	oly as a shielded spray.		
		(Verbena		720 g ai	glyphosate/ha		oid contact with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots,		
		bonariensis)		in tank n	nix.	des	irable plants and trees as severe injury or destruction may result.		
Table 3. Pastu	res and non	-agricultural use							
Situation & Crop	Weeds		State)	Rate		Critical Comments		
Pastures and Non-	Pastures and Refer Weed Table			, Qld, SA, Tas only	560mL-1.7L/ha		Pasture legumes including lucerne, clovers and medics may be		
	Calvanias	N Durr			220ml /1001 wa	tor	damaged unless well protected by grasses. Spot spraying is preferred.		
Agricultural	ultural Galvanised Burr		INOM	, ACT	320mL/100L wa	atel.	Apply to young actively growing weeds.		

1.2 - 1.7L/ha

160mL/10L water

Qld only

	(Verbena bonariensis)		i glyphosate/ha A	void contact with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots, esirable plants and trees as severe injury or destruction may result.
Table 3. Pastu	res and non-agricultural use		_	
Situation & Crop	Weeds	State	Rate	Critical Comments
Pastures and	Refer Weed Table	NSW, Qld, SA,	560mL-1.7L/ha	Pasture legumes including lucerne, clovers and medics may be
Non- Agricultural	Galvanised Burr	NSW, ACT only	320mL/100L water	damaged unless well protected by grasses. Spot spraying is preferred. Apply to young actively growing weeds. Ensure thorough and even coverage of plants. Note: Treated plants need to be burnt to destroy seeds.
	Amsinckia, Docks, Bindweed, Caltrop, Flatweed, Spear Thistle, Capeweed, Saffron Thistle, Mustard, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip, Annual Thistles, Paterson's Curse, Heliotrope, Ragwort, Threecornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex)	WA only	1.1-2.4L/ha	For pastures not containing legumes. Only seedling docks, spear thistle and saffron thistle will be controlled. SUMMER WEEDS: Use low rate for seedlings, 1.6-2.4L/ha for larger plants. Stock poisoning may occur when grazed after spraying if large amounts present, particularly Heliotrope. WINTER WEEDS: Use low rate for seedlings, 1.6-2.4L/ha for larger plants. If stock present, use spray/grazing rates.
	Afghan Melons		1.6L/ha plus 1% crop oil	Spray when plants are actively growing preferably before flowering or vining.
	Paddy Melons Prickly Saltwort (Roly Poly)		800mL-1.1L/ha 1.6L/ha	Spray when plants are small.
	Stinkwort	=	1.6-3.2L/ha plus	Best results are obtained when plants are small. Use high rate on
	Dove Weed		surfactant 3.2L/ha	larger plants. Spray after good emergence of seedlings.
Pastures, Rights of	Boxthorn, Boneseed, Hawthorn	Vic, SA only	undiluted	Cut stump: Apply or paint undiluted Ken-Amine 625 to freshly cut stumps.
Way and Industrial	Groundsel	NSW, Qld, ACT, SA only	320mL/100L water	HIGH VOLUME: Thoroughly wet plants.
		Tas only	240mL/15L water	CUT STUMP: Swab the cut stump immediately. Apply by a pouring can.
		Qld, NSW, ACT, SA, Tas only	2.9 – 3.6L/ha	AERIAL APPLICATION: Spray when Groundsel is actively growing.
	Lantana	NSW, Qld, ACT, SA only	320mL/100L water	Use a VERY COURSE spray with sufficient pressure to penetrate canopy and wet stems as well as foliage. Spray at the end of a wet summer (March to May). Defoliation should occur but respraying of new growth will be necessary in following Autumn. Broadcast grass seed and keep stock off following summer to allow the pasture to establish. Damage may result to pasture legumes.
	Mother of Millions	NSW only	400mL/100L water	
	Noogoora Burr, Weir Vine (Ipomea), Scarlet Pimpernel (seedlings only), White Eye (Mexican Clover)	Qld only	160mL/100L water	
	Annual and Perennial Pigweed, Artichoke Thistle, Bathurst Burr, Billygoat Weed, Blue Snake Weed, Burr Medic, Clockweed*, Fleabanes, Galvanised Burr, Hemlock, Hoary Cress+, Kyalinga Weed (Whisker Grass), Knobweed, Milky Cotton Bushes, Parthenium Weed, Paterson's Curse, Saffron Thistle, Star Burr, Thomapple, Variegated Thistle*	Qld only	320mL/100L water	* Spray rosette stage. † Repeat spraying necessary.
	Rubber Vine	Qld only	160mL/10L water	Apply to freshly cut stump.
	Sesbania Pea Water Hyacinth		560mL-900mL/ha 3.5-5.3L/ha	Apply to 2200 to 3300L water/ha
	Wild Tobacco Tree		240mL/15L water	Cut Stump Treatment: Swab cut stump within 1 hour of cutting.
Conservation Tillage- Direct Drilling, Surface	Charlock, Mustards, Shepherd's Purse, Saffron, Slender, Spear and Variegated Thistles*, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip	All States	560mL-1.6L/ha	Apply by pouring can. Apply to actively growing young plants. Before sowing: Observe plant back periods given in the table on this leaflet. * Warning: Treated plants may become toxic to stock.
Sowing or Fallow Maintenance	Clover, Sorrel		1.1L/ha plus 280- 400mL /ha Kamba 500*	Apply to actively growing plants in Autumn. Do not sow pasture seed for at least 30 days after application.
Lawns, Playing fields	Refer Weed Table	Qld, NSW, ACT only	1.5-3mL/1L of water or 1.6- 3.2L/ha	Wet foliage thoroughly. DO NOT mow lawn for 1 week before and at least 1 week after application.
licius		WA only	40mL per 10-15L water /100m ²	DO NOT use on Buffalo grass (WA only)
Agricultural non-crop areas, commercial and industrial areas, pastures and rights of-way	Pimelea sp.	All States	800mL/ha + wetter	Boom Spray @ 1500 L/ha spray volume. To be applied when plant is green. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per year with a minimum retreatment interval of 21 days between consecutive applications. This product can be used to create and maintain hospital areas for livestock suffering from Pimelea poisoning. Pimelea may become more palatable after herbicide application; stock should be excluded from herbicide-treated areas until sprayed Pimelea plants are leafless, seedless and obviously dead.
-			55ml per 100L	Spot Spray. Thoroughly wet all foliage to the point of run-off.
Hardwood & softwood plantations	Broadleaf and woody weeds including grounsel and pinus spp. wildings		water + wetter Maximum rate 1.6 L/ha	(~1500L/ha spray volume) Apply a single preplant application and/or a maximum of 2 post plant applications using shielded sprayers within the first 2 years following planting. Apply using aircraft (rotary wing only) or ground based equipment. DO NOT spray over or into watercourses.

RESTRAINTS

- DO NOT exceed maximum application rate of 7.2L/ha (4500 g ae/ha).

 DO NOT apply by hand-held spraying equipment at rates exceeding 5.3 L/ha or 530 mL/100 L.

 DO NOT apply by spraying equipment carried on the back of the user (manually pressurised backpack sprayer).
- DO NOT apply by aircraft at rates exceeding 3.6 L/ha. DO NOT use open mixing/loading equipment if treating more than 50 hectares in one day
- DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.
 DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 3 days after application
- DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

 Additional USAGE restrictions apply in some crops, states and seasons, see restriction tables 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

- DO NOT apply by a vertical sprayer. Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift
- DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

 DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. The buffer zones in the relevant buffer zone table/s below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometers per hour at the application site during the time of application DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature

nversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise

BOOM SPRAYERS

- DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

 - Spray droplets are not smaller than a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category

 Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed.

Buffer zones for boom sprayers

Application	Boom height above		Mandatory downwind buffer zones (distances given in metres)							
rate (/ha)	the target canopy	Bystander Areas	Natural aquatic areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation areas	Livestock Areas				
Up to 0.5 L/ha	0.5 m or lower		0		0					
(336 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower		30		25					
Up to 1.8 L/ha	0.5 m or lower] [30		25					
(1150 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower] [60		60					
Up to 3.0 L/ha	0.5 m or lower	0	35	0	35	0				
(1875 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower] [90		90					
Up to 4.4 L/ha	0.5 m or lower] [45		45					
(2750 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower] [130		130					
Up to 5.3 L/ha	0.5 m or lower	1	55		50					
(3300 g ae/ha)	1.0 m or lower	7 [160		160					

- DO NOT apply by aircraft unless the following requirements are met:

 Spray droplets are no smaller than a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category

 - For maximum release heights above the target canopy of 3m or 25% of wingspan or 25% of rotor diameter whichever is the greatest, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft') are observed

Application rate	Aircraft type		Mandatory downwing	s given in metres)		
(/ha)		Bystander Areas	Natural aquatic areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation areas	Livestock Areas
Up to 0.9 L	Fixed wing		120		120	
(560 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		85		80	
Up to 1.5 L	Fixed wing		170		160	
(950 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		120		120	
Up to 1.8 L	Fixed wing	0	190	0	180	0
(1120 g ae/ha)	Helicopter		130		130	
Up to 3.6 L	Fixed wing		325		300	
(2250 g ae/ha)	Helicopter	1	200	1	200	

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Table 1: Pre-sowing	Table 1: Pre-sowing: FALLOWS, STUBBLE SPRAY PRIOR TO DIRECT DRILLING OR SOWING							
Crop/Situation	Weeds	State	Rate	Critical Comments				
Winter Cereals, Grain legumes (peanuts – Qld, NT only) and Canola	Refer Weed Table	All States	225mL- 1.7L/ha	Observe plant back periods given in the table on this leaflet. Can be mixed with Ken-Chlor 750/Glean*/Lusta, Kenso Agcare Para-Ken 250 or Spray•seed* where grasses are present. Select appropriate rate from the Weed Table. For Skeleton Weed spraying should only be done 6-8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum.				
Fallow	Control of lucerne		2.4 L/ha 2,4-D	Spray in spring when lucerne is actively growing using a minimum spray volume of 50 L/ha. Heavily graze lucerne during winter and early spring to reduce crown and root reserves. Allow lucerne to regrow to 15-30 cm tall before spraying. Successful lucerne stand reduction is more likely if >70 mm of rain falls in the 6-8 weeks prior to application. Add either 0.5% Uptake* spray oil or a non-ionic surfactant. Maximum air temperature should not exceed 30°C.				

Weeds Refer Weed Table	State NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only NSW, ACT, SA only NSW, ACT, SA only NSW, ACT, NSW, ACT,	Rate 320mL-1.7L/ha 225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha 800mL-1.4L/ha 320mL-1.4L/ha 225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha 800mL-1.4L/ha	Critical Comments Apply after the first node can be felt at the base of a tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller (NSW, SA only) Apply from tillering to boot stage (Vic only) Apply from mid tillering to before boot stage (Qld only) Apply at 5 leaf to fully tillered (Tas only)
Refer Weed Table	SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha 800mL-1.4L/ha 320mL-1.4L/ha 225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha	before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller (NSW, SA only) Apply from tillering to boot stage (Vic only) Apply from mid tillering to before boot stage (Qld only)
	Qld only Tas only NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	560mL-1.4L/ha 800mL-1.4L/ha 320mL-1.4L/ha 225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha	Apply from tillering to boot stage (Vic only) Apply from mid tillering to before boot stage (Qld only)
	Tas only NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	800mL-1.4L/ha 320mL-1.4L/ha 225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha	Apply from mid tillering to before boot stage (Qld only)
	NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	800mL-1.4L/ha 320mL-1.4L/ha 225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha	Apply from mid tillering to before boot stage (Qld only)
	NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	320mL-1.4L/ha 225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha	
	SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	225mL-1.4L/ha 560mL-1.4L/ha	
	Qld only Tas only	560mL-1.4L/ha	Apply at 5 leaf to fully tillered (Tas only)
	Qld only Tas only	560mL-1.4L/ha	Apply at 5 leaf to fully tillered (Tas only)
		800mL-1.4L/ha	
	NSW. ACT.		
	SA only	320mL-1.4L/ha	
	Vic only	225mL-1.4L/ha	
	NSW, SA,	320mL-800mL/ha	
		225mL-800mL/ha	
Cape Tulip		640mL-1.3L/ha	Apply from the 5 leaf stage up to jointing stage (Zadoks 15-33).
Dock, Flatweed, Saffron Thistle	,	1.1L/ha	Apply after the 6 leaf stage (Z.16) for cranbrook, jacup, aroona
		800mL/ha	and spear wheat and mortlock oats to avoid possible damage.
Lupin, Matricaria, Rapistrum, Wild Radish			DO NOT spray if lucerne is present.
Wild Turnip		640mL/ha	WEED STAGE: 10-15cm. Docks should be sprayed before 5 leaf stage. Cape Tulip – low rate for cormils only.
Capeweed, Doublegee, Erodium, London Rocket, Lupin, Mustard, Rapistrum, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip		200mL/ha plus 500mL/ha Flowable Diuron (500g/L)	Apply when crop has 4-5 leaves and most weeds have germinated and are in 2-5 leaf stage. Crop and weeds should be dry at time of application. Some temporary yellowing of crop may occur after application. Undersown sub-clovers may be slightly retarded. DO NOT apply to undersown medics.
Refer Weed Table	NSW, SA, ACT, Vic only	560mL-1.1L/ha	Spray when secondary roots have developed, when fully tillered and before heads start to form at the base of the tillers.
	Qld only	560mL-900mL/ha	Do not use on panorama millet or panicum.
Cape Tulip, Dock, Saffron Thistle, Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Rapistrum, Radish, Wild Turnip	WA only	1.1L/ha	Spray when crop is 10-30cm high and secondary roots have developed and before tasseling. Apply as direct spray to weeds.
Bell Vine	Qld, NSW	280mL/100L water	Apply in spring, using directed spray.
Morning Glory	only	560mL to 1.1L/ha	Apply in summer using high clearance tractor.
Pink Convolvulus, Star of Bethlehem	-	1.1L/ha	Apply in autumn by aircraft.
Bindy Eye (Star Burr), Blue Top, Cobblers Pegs, Fleabanes, Jute, Leucas, Needle Burr, Spear Thistle, Water Primrose, Ipomea Vines, Convolvulus	Qld, NSW only	1.8L-3.5L/ha	Add 60-120mL Spraymate Activator*/100L of spray mixture. Agitate well. DO NOT use on Q63, Q67, Q80 or Q96 Varieties.
		3.5L/ha	
Broadleaf Weeds; except Noogoora Burr, Grasses, except Mossman Burr	Qld, NT only	1.8L - 3.6L/ha	LOWER RATE: Apply as BAND SPRAY as soon as possible after planting in a 55cm band. HIGHER RATE: Apply as OVERALL SPRAY after planting and before crop emergence. Some crop damage may occur if heavy rain falls between
	Dock, Flatweed, Saffron Thistle Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Matricaria, Rapistrum, Wild Radish Wild Turnip Capeweed, Doublegee, Erodium, London Rocket, Lupin, Mustard, Rapistrum, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip Refer Weed Table Cape Tulip, Dock, Saffron Thistle, Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Rapistrum, Radish, Wild Turnip Bell Vine Morning Glory Pink Convolvulus, Star of Bethlehem Bindy Eye (Star Burr), Blue Top, Cobblers Pegs, Fleabanes, Jute, Leucas, Needle Burr, Spear Thistle, Water Primrose, Ipomea Vines, Convolvulus Vines Chinese Mint, Blue Snakeweed Broadleaf Weeds; except Noogoora Burr,	Vic only NSW, SA, ACT only Vic only Cape Tulip Dock, Flatweed, Saffron Thistle Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Matricaria, Rapistrum, Wild Radish Wild Turnip Capeweed, Doublegee, Erodium, London Rocket, Lupin, Mustard, Rapistrum, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip Refer Weed Table Refer Weed Table Refer Weed Table Cape Tulip, Dock, Saffron Thistle, Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Rapistrum, Radish, Wild Turnip Bell Vine Morning Glory Pink Convolvulus, Star of Bethlehem Bindy Eye (Star Burr), Blue Top, Cobblers Pegs, Fleabanes, Jute, Leucas, Needle Burr, Spear Thistle, Water Primrose, Ipomea Vines, Convolvulus Vines Chinese Mint, Blue Snakeweed Broadleaf Weeds; except Noogoora Burr, Vic only WA only WA only Old, NSW only Old, NSW Only Qld, NSW Only Old, NSW Only Old, NSW Old, NT only	Vic only 225mL-1.4L/ha NSW, SA, ACT only Vic only Vic only 225mL-800mL/ha ACT only Cape Tulip, Dock, Flatweed, Saffron Thistle Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Mustard, Rapistrum, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip 640mL/ha 200mL/ha plus 500mL/ha Flowable Diuron (500g/L) Refer Weed Table NSW, SA, ACT, Vic only Qid only 560mL-900mL/ha ACT, Vic only Vic only Vic only 1.1L/ha Vic only Vic on

application and crop emergence.

Products may be mixed with glyphosate for pre-plant spray operations.

Table 4. Pastures – Spray/ Graze Techniques *PRECAUTION. An increased quantity of poisonous plants may be eaten by stock using Spray-Graze eg. caltrop, capeweed, paterson's curse, variegated thistle and

deaths could result from causes such as nitrate poisoning. With paterson's curse, preferably graze stock soon destined for slaughter and avoid extended periods of

grazing. Avoid grazing with young or breeding stock. Do not graze horses or pigs on paterson's curse.

Crop Weeds State Rate Critical comments Amsinckia, Thistles, Capeweed, Doublegee, Mustard, Paterson's Curse, Wild Turnip, Wild 560mL/ha Apply from 6 weeks after opening rains in Autumn until the end of August. Seven days after spraying stock paddock at 4-5 times normal Spray Radish, Docks, Geranium, Erodium rate, preferably with sheep. Maintain this level of grazing for 6 weeks or Tas, Vic until pasture shows signs of over grazing. Then return to normal Techniques Annual Thistles, Capeweed, Doublegee Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Turnip, Saffron stocking levels. Use high stocking rates in following spring to prevent only Thistle, Spear Thistle, Geranium, Slender Thistle Amsinckia, Docks (Seedling only), Capeweed, weeds from flowering. Repeat treatments may be required for 2-3 WA only 600-800mL Doublegee, Mustard, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip, /ha Paterson's Curse, Annual Thistles Spear Thistle, Saffron Thistle 1.2L/ha

Apply to saffron thistle at the end of September when plants are running up to flower. Sub-clovers may be damaged at this rate and use is not recommended for all medic pastures. Heavy stocking on young plants sprayed with 800mL/ha provides Melons 1.6L/ha -1% oil effective control. Docks 1.1L/ha Apply in September only and follow other recommendations above Caltrop, Capeweed, Charlock, Mustards. Spray actively growing 6-8 week old weeds. Introduce stock 7-10 days after spraying, preferably sheep (cattle are NSW. 280mL-Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Saffron, ACT 1.1L/ha Slender, Spear or Variegated Thistle*, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip only less effective).

Stocking rate should be at least 5 times heavier than normal until weeds have been reduced, but before survival of desirable pasture species is threatened. Lucerne and medics may be damaged and should be grazed short before spraying. Other legumes may be affected. *Warning: treated plants may become toxic to stock Table 5. Other uses

Situation & Crop	Method	Weeds	State	Mixing Rates / Comments
Spot spraying	High Volume Spraying	Refer to Weed Table	All States	Add 1/10th of rate on weed table to 150L of water. Each 150L of mix will cover 1000m ² (1/10th ha). eg. If rate in weed table is 1.4L use 140mL/150L water.
MAXIMUM TOLERA	NCE FOR USE IN V	VHEAT BARLEY O	ATS AND TRI	TICALE INCLUDING TOLERANCE FOR UNDERSOWN LEGUMES

MAXIMUM TOLERANCE FOR USE IN WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND TRITICALE INCLUDING TOLERANCE FOR UNDERSOWN LEGUMES.									
Crop	Qld	NSW, ACT	Vic	Vic	SA	WA	Tas		
			Early	Tillered		Tillered to Boot	Tillered to Boot		
			Tillering	Boot Stage		(Z15-35)	(Z15-35)		
Cereal Rye	-	-	-	-	1.4L/ha	-	-		
Wheat	1.8L/ha	1.7L/ha	225mL/ha	1.4L/ha	1.7L/ha	1.7L/ha	1.7L/ha		
Barley	1.4L/ha	1.4L/ha	225mL/ha	1.4L/ha	1.4L/ha	1.4L/ha	1.4L/ha		
Oats	-	800mL/ha	225mL/ha	800mL/ha	900mL/ha	1.3L/ha	-		
Triticale	-	1.4L1ha	225mL/ha	-	1.4L/ha	1.7L/ha	800mL/ha		
Undersown Clovers	-	-	225mL/ha	-	-	680mL/ha	560mL/ha		
Undersown Medics	-	-	225mL/ha	-	-	-	560mL/ha		
Undersown Lucerne	-	-	225mL/ha	-	-	-	-		

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION. IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15TH APRIL TO 15TH SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

PASTURE, CEREAL CROPS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. CROP HARVEST WITHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

560mL- 1.7L

800mL- 1.1L

1.8L

560mL- 1.1L

Variegated

Vetches / Tares

Tridax (Tridax Daisy)

Turnip Weed / Rapistrum

Thornapple

FALLOW (Lucerne): DO NOT GRAZE, CUT OR CULTIVATE FOR AT LEAST 21 DAYS AFTER SPRAYING. Pimelea sp: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

NOTE: Where weeds are to be sprayed in a CROP or PASTURE use only the rates given for the particular crop or situation indicated under the Directions for Use table. In most cases this will give control, however some hard to kill weeds or those in advanced stages of growth may only be suppressed. The rates listed in the Weed Tal

Weeds			Applic	ation Rate p	er necta	re	Pasture	Critical Comments
	Vic	NSW, ACT	SA	Qld	Tas	WA	NSW, SA, Qld, Tas only	
Amaranthus spp.	-	560mL- 1.1L	-	900mL	-		-	Spray young plants.
Amsinckia Apple of Peru	-	- 560mL- 1.1L	-	- 900mL	-	1.1L -	-	Spray young plants.
Bathurst Burr	_	800mL-1.1 L	1.7-	900mL	_	_	800mL-1.1L	Susceptible when young. Spray seedlings only.
Bellvine	_	1.8L	2.2L -	1.8L	_	_	not SA	Spray before seeding.
								Advanced stages susceptible.
Billygoat Weed Bindweed	-	3.4L -	-	3.4L -	-	1.1 L	-	Spray at young stage.
Blackberry Nightshade Blackeyed Susan	-	560mL- 1.1 L 1.8L	-	900mL 1.8L	-	-	-	Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stage
Blue Snakeweed California Burr	-	1.8L 800mL- 1.1L	-	1.8L 900mL	-	-	- 800mL-1.1 L	Spray seedlings at young stages only. Spray seedlings only.
	-						not SA	
Cape Tulip Capeweed	- 1.4L	-	- 1.7L	-	- 1.4L	640mL-1.3L 1.1 L	- 1.7-2.8L	Low rate for cormils only* Spray seedlings to rosette stage.
Caltrop Castor Oil Plant	-	800mL- 1.7L 3.4L	-	900mL 3.4L	-	1.1L	-	Moderately susceptible. Spray at young stage.
Charlock	560mL-	560mL-1.1 L	560mL	-	1.4L	-	800mL-1.1 L	Spray at rosette stage.
Clover	800mL -	1.2L	-	-	-	-	-	
Cobbler's Pegs Common Ice Plant	-	1.8L -	- 1.1L	1.8L -	-	-	-	Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stage
Common Sida	-	1.8L	-	1.8L	-	-	-	Spray seedling or young stages only.
Common Sowthistle Docks	- 1.4L	1.8L -	- 1.4L	1.8L 1.4L	1.4L 1.4L	- 1.1L	- 3.2L	Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stage Spray at multiple leaf stage.
oveweed	_	_	_	_	_	1.1L	SA only	-effective only on seedlings.
at Hen	-	560mL- 1.7L	-	900mL	1.4L	-	-	Spray pre-flowering.
lannel Weed lat Weed	-	1.8L -	-	1.8L -	-	- 1.1L	-	Spray seedling or young stages only.
umitory - red umitory - white	- 800mL	-	1.7L 560mL	-	-	-	-	Spray at multiple leaf stage.
leliotrope	-	-	-	-	-	1.1L	-	
Hexham Scent or Melilotus Hoary Cress	1.4L 900mL-	- 1.1-1.7L	1.1 L 1.4L	1.4L 1.4L	-	-	1.1-1.7L 1.4-1.7L	Spray multiple leaf stage before seeding. Spray rosettes and pre-flowering.
logweed / Wireweed	1.4L 1.4L	_	_	1.4L	_	_	-	Spray at multiple leaf stage (Vic). Spray
_			4.41					seedling and young plant stage (Qld).
lorehound	-	-	1.4L	-	-	-	2.2-3.2L SA only	Spray seedlings.
ndian Hedge Mustard Khaki Weed	-	-	-	-	1.4L -	1.1L -	- 1.1-2.2L	Spray seedlings only.
ínobweed	_	_	_	1.8-3.4L	_	_	not SA	Lower rate for seedlings; higher rate for
		-		1.0-3.4L	_	_	-	later stages.
incoln Weed ondon Rocket	-	-	1.7L -	-	-	- 1.1L	-	Spray early rosettes.
upins Ielons - Camel, Paddy	-	800mL- 1.7L 560mL- 1.1 L	-	-	-	1.1 L	-	
lexican Poppy	-	-	-	1.4L	-	-	-	Spray seedlings - plants become mor
Mintweed	-	1.1 L	-	900mL	-	-	-	resistant with age. Spray seedlings - resistant in later stages
Morning Glory Mustards	- 225-	1.8L 560mL-1.1 L	- 560mL-	1.8L 900mL	-	- 800mL	- 560mL-1.1 L	Spray at seedling to flowering stage. Spray at 2-4 leaf up to rosette stage.
leedle Burr	560mL	1.8L	1.4L	1.8L	_	_		Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stage
lew Zealand Spinach	-	1.1-1.7L	-	-	-	-	- -	
loogoora Burr	-	800mL- 1.1 L	-	900mL	-	-	800mL-1.1L not SA	Spray seedlings only.
aterson's Curse	-	1.1-1.7L	-	1.4L	-	1.3L	1.7-2.2L	Spray rosettes or before plants have 1 leaves. Later stages harder to kill.
Pinkburr	-	1.8L	-	1.8L	-	-	-	Spray seedling or young stages only.
Pink Flowered Burr) Potato Weed	_	560mL- 1.1 L	-	900mL	_	-	_	
Purpletop Radish	-	3.4L	-	3.4L	-	- 1.1 L	-	Spray at young stage.
Ragwort	-		-	-	3.8L	1.1 L	-	Spray up to early rosette stage (Tas only)
Rapeseed Rapistrum	-	800mL- 1.7L -	-	-	-	1.1L	-	
Rough Poppy afflower	-	1.1 L 560mL- 1.1 L	_	-	-	-	-	
Shepherds Purse	-	1.1-1.7L] -	-	1.4L	-	800mL-1.1 L	Spray young rosettes.
Siratro (Purple Bean) Skeleton Weed	- 1.4L	1.8L 1.1-1.7L	1.4L	1.8L -	-	-	-	Spray seedling or young stages only. Spray rosettes before aerial grow
Sorrel	1.4L	1.7L	1.4L	_	_	_	_	commences. Only moderately susceptible.
speedwell - Ivy leaf	-	-	1.1L	-	-	-	-	
pinyhead Sida tarburr	-	1.8L 1.8L	-	1.8L 1.8L	-	-	-	Spray seeding or young stages only. Spray before seeding, advanced stage
piny Emex	_	_	_	1.4L	_	_	_	susceptible. Only young plants are susceptible.
tar of Bethlehem	-	-	-	1.8L	-	-	-	Spray before seeding, advanced stage
Cupid's Flower) tinkwort	-	800mL- 1.4L	-	-	-	-	-	susceptible
torkbill / Erodium Sunflower (seedlings)	- 1.4L	- 560mL- 1.4L	-	- 900mL	1.4L -	-	1.6-3.2L -	Spray seedlings to young rosettes.
histles: - Annual	-	-	-	-	-	1.1L	2020	Panastad applications may be recovered
Californian	-	-	-	-	2.7L	-	3.2-3.8L	Repeated applications may be necessar (NSW, Tas only)
Saffron	1.1 L	560mL-1.7L	1.4L	1.4L	950mL	1.1 L	1.1-1.7L	Low rate only sufficient to control weeds crops at rosette stage when sprayed earl
Slender / Shore	- 1 41	800mL- 1.7L	-	-	1.4L	-	1.1 L	Suppression only.
Soldier	1.4L	-	-	-		-	1.1-1.6L not NSW, Tas	Spray young rosette.
Spear	560mL	-	-	-	1.4L	-	1.1-1.6L 1.6-3.2L	Spray young rosettes.

1.4L

800mL

900mL

1.8L

560mL

Spray seedlings only.

Spray at multiple leaf stage.

Spray seedling or young stages only.

SA only

1.6-2.4L

not SA

560mL-1.1L

Weeds		Critical Comments						
			Pasture					
	Vic	NSW, ACT	SA	Qld	Tas	WA	NSW, SA, Qld, Tas only	1
Wards Weed	-	-	1.1L	-	-	-	-	
Wild Cabbage	1.4L	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray multiple leaves.
Wild Poppy	560mL	-	-	-	-	-	1.1-1.7L	Spray rosettes.
Wild Radish	1.4L	1.4-1.7L	1.4L	900mL	1.4L	800mL	800mL-1.1L	Spray up to young rosette stage.
Wild Turnip	225-560mL	560mL-1.1L	320mL	-	1.4L	640mL	560mL-1.1 L	Spray 2-4 leaf up to rosette stage.

Plant back interval days for Kenso Agcare Ken-Amine 625

White Clover

Crop	Kates							
	Up to 560mL/ha	560mL-1.1L/ha	1.1-1.7L/ha					
Balansa Clover	7	7	10					
Barley %	1	1	3					
Chickpeas #	7	14	21					
Cotton	10	14	21					
Faba Beans	7	7	10					
Field Peas	7	14	14					
Lentils	7	7	10					
Linseed	7	7	14					
Lucerne	7	7	10					
Lupins +	7	14	21					
Medics	7	7	10					
Narbon Beans	7	7	10					
Navybean	10	10	14					
Oats	3	3	7					
Perennial Ryegrass	7	7	10					
Persian Clover	7	7	10					
Phalaris	7	7	10					
Canola / Rapeseed #	14	21	28					
Rice	7	7	14					
Safflower #	7	14	21					
Sorghum @	3	7	10					
Soybean	14	14	21					
Sub-Clover	7	7	10					
Sunflower @	7	10	14					
Triticale %	1	3	7					
Vetch	7	7	10					
Wheat %	1	3	7					

IMPORTANT:

WHEN APPLIED TO DRY SOILS AT LEAST 15mm (1/2 inch) OF RAIN MUST FALL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PLANT BACK PERIOD

- In Queensland, no rainfall is required to fall prior to
- commencement of Plant Back Period for wheat, barley and triticale. # In Queensland, planting of canola / rapeseed, chickpeas and safflower must be delayed for at least 14 days following rainfall of at
- In Central Queensland, when using 800mL/ha or less of Ken-Amine 625, the Plant Back Period for sorghum and sunflower is 1 day irrespective of rainfall.
- In WA the Plant Back Period for lupins at all rates is 28 days.

Additional USAGE restrictions apply in some crops, states and seasons, see restriction tables 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Table 1: Timing restrictions for spraying peanuts Situation Rate (L/ha) Region Timing Restriction				
Situation	Rate (L/na)	Region	DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS	
Broadcast	Up to	Cape York	October and November	
spraying, prior	1.4L/ha	Northern Gulf	October and November October and November	
to sowing	1.4L/11a	Northern Territory	October and November	
(peanuts)		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions	
(poundto)		Burdekin	October	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	September to December	
		Mary/Burnett	October to November	
		SE Queensland		
		SE Queensiand	August to May	
	Up to	Cape York	October and November	
	1.7L/ha	Northern Gulf	October and November	
		Northern Territory	October and November	
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions	
		Burdekin	October	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December	
		Mary/Burnett	September to November	
		SE Queensland	Use not supported	
Band	Up to	Queensland dryland	No timing restrictions	
spraying,	1.8L/ha	Cape York	No timing restrictions	
post-sowing		Northern Gulf	October and November	
pre-		Northern Territory	October and November	
emergence		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions	
(peanuts)		Burdekin	No timing restrictions	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	No timing restrictions	
		Mary/Burnett	No timing restrictions	
		SE Queensland	October to January	
Duradasat	I In An	Our analand dudand	Lung to Avenuet	
Broadcast	Up to 3.6L/ha	Queensland dryland	June to August	
spray, post- sowing pre-	3.0L/IIA	Cape York	October and November	
emergence		Northern Gulf	October and November	
(peanuts)		Northern Territory	October and November	
(peanuts)		Wet Tropics	October to December	
		Burdekin	September and October	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December	
		Mary/Burnett	April to January	
		SE Queensland	Use not supported	

	Mai y/ Dai nott		7 tprii to dandary		
	SE Queenslan	d	Use not suppor	ted	•
	on and timing restrictions for				
DO NOT apply abo	ove maximum rate (L/ha) belov	v OR label	rate, whichever i	s LOWEST	
Pastures (prior to	State	Summe	r Autumn	Winter	Spring
sowing,	Queensland & NT	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
conservation	New South Wales & ACT	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
tillage)	Victoria	0.6	1.7	5.1	1.7
	Tasmania	0.6	1.2	3.6	1.7
	South Australia	1.2	1.7	5.1	3.6
	Western Australia	1.7	3.6	5.1	3.6
			•		-
Pastures	State	Summe	r Autumn	Winter	Spring
(established)	Queensland & NT	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2
	New South Wales & ACT	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2
	Victoria	1	1.9	7.2	3.6
	Tasmania	0.7	1.7	5.1	3.2
	South Australia	1.4	3.2	7.2	5.1
	Western Australia	3.6	5.1	7.2	5.1

Situation	Rate (L/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS
Sugarcane	Up to 1.7L/ha	Wet Tropics	No timing restriction
		Burdekin	No timing restriction
		Mackay/Whitsunday	October to November
		Mary/Burnett	October to November
		Northern NSW	No timing restriction
	Up to 3.6L/ha	Wet Tropics	October to December
		Burdekin	September to October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December
		Mary/Burnett	April to January
		Northern NSW	October to November

DO NOT apply	above maximum rate (L/ha) below OR	label rate, whichever is LOWEST
Turf	<u>State</u>	Rate (L/ha)
	Queensland & NT	3.2
	New South Wales & ACT	3.2
	Victoria	2.5
	Tasmania	2.5
	South Australia	2.5
	Western Australia	4.0

Table 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses		
Situation	Risk mitigation measures	
Dryland cropping, Preparatory spray	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)	
Winter cereals, pre-emergence uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia, Western Australia)	
Summer cereals, pre-emergent uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)	

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary Statements, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION: BOOM SPRAYING - Use 30-120L/ha of water. AERIAL SPRAYING - Use 10-90L/ha of water

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE: Equipment that has been used for this chemical should not be used for the application of other materials to sensitive plants, unless it has been well washed out with hot soapy water or 1% solution of ammonia, followed by several clear water rinses

COMPATIBILITY: This product may be tank mixed with Kamba* 500 (dicamba), Flowable Diuron or Diuron 900DF, Ken-Chlor 750, Kenso Agcare Para-Ken 250, Propon*, Nutrazine* 900DF or Flowable Nu-trazine, Spray•seed*, Tordon* 50D and Bumper*

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING GROUP 4 HERBICIDE

Kenso Agcare Ken-Amine 625 Selective Herbicide (Ken-Amine 625) is a member of the PHENOXY Group of herbicides. The product has the disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Ken-Amine 625 is a Group 4 herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Ken-Amine 625 and other Group 4

herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Ken-Amine 625 or other Group 4 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Kenso Corporation accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Ken-Amine 625 to control resistant weeds.

RE-ENTRY PERIOD If re-entering treated areas before the spray has dried, workers should wear overalls, elbow-length gloves and water-resistant footwear. Clothing should be laundered after each day's use. DO NOT hand harvest sugar cane for at least 1 day after application.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT Very toxic to aquatic life. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.